



ASEAN COMMUNITY



- The ASEAN Vision 2020, adopted by the ASEAN Leaders on the 30th Anniversary
 of ASEAN, agreed on a shared vision of ASEAN as a concert of Southeast Asian
 nations, outward looking, living in peace, stability and prosperity, bonded
 together in partnership in dynamic development and in a community of caring
 societies.
- At the 9th ASEAN Summit in 2003, the ASEAN Leaders resolved that an ASEAN Community shall be established.
- At the 12th ASEAN Summit in January 2007, the Leaders affirmed their strong commitment to accelerate the establishment of an ASEAN Community by 2015 and signed the <u>Cebu Declaration on the Acceleration of the Establishment of an ASEAN Community by 2015.</u>
- The ASEAN Community is comprised of three pillars, namely the <u>ASEAN Political-Security Community</u>, <u>ASEAN Economic Community</u> and <u>ASEAN Socio-Cultural Community</u>. Each pillar has its own Blueprint, and, together with the <u>Initiative for ASEAN Integration</u> (IAI) Strategic Framework and IAI Work Plan Phase II (2009-2015), they form the <u>Roadmap for an ASEAN Community 2009-2015</u>.



ASEAN CHARTER



- The ASEAN Charter serves as a firm foundation in achieving the ASEAN Community by providing legal status and institutional framework for ASEAN. It also codifies ASEAN norms, rules and values; sets clear targets for ASEAN; and presents accountability and compliance.
- The ASEAN Charter entered into force on 15 December 2008. A gathering of the ASEAN Foreign Ministers was held at the ASEAN Secretariat in Jakarta to mark this very historic occasion for ASEAN.
- With the entry into force of the ASEAN Charter, ASEAN will henceforth operate under a new legal framework and establish a number of new organs to boost its community-building process.
- In effect, the ASEAN Charter has become a legally binding agreement among the 10 ASEAN Member States.





ASEAN Mutual Recognition Arrangement (MRA) on Engineering Services

The Government of 10 ASEAN Member Countries on 9th December 2005 in Kuala Lumpur have agreed and signed the ASEAN Mutual Recognition Arrangement (MRA) on Engineering Services which aims to:

- facilitate mobility of engineering service professionals, and
- exchange information in order to promote adoption of best practices on standard and qualifications.

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5



ASEAN Chartered Professional Engineer Coordinating Committee



- The ASEAN Chartered Professional Engineer Coordinating Committee (ACPECC) have the authority to confer and withdraw the title of ASEAN Chartered Professional Engineer (ACPE).
- Members of the ACPECC shall comprise of representative from each Monitoring Committee (MC) of the participating ASEAN Member Countries.
- Permanent Secretariat: INDONESIA
- ACPECC meets at least twice a year usually together with ASEAN Coordinating Committee on Services (CCS) that also involves Architects, Surveyors and Accountants
- Next Meeting: February 2022



3





ACPECC CHAIRMANSHIP

- The Chair shall be on biennial rotational basis among ASEAN Member States according to the alphabetical order.
- The term of the Chairmanship is according to calendar year, i.e. from 1 January to 31 December of the next year.
- In the event an AMS foregoes its turn as the Chair, the next AMS in line will take up the ACPECC Chairmanship.

Current Chairman: BRUNEI (until 31.12.2021)

Next Chairman: CAMBODIA





What is ASEAN Chartered Professional Engineers (ACPE)?

Under the MRA, a professional engineer or practitioner who holds the nationality of an ASEAN Member States (AMS) and who possesses qualifications and experience that complies with the requirements specified in Part B of AMS Assessment Statement may apply to be placed on the ASEAN Chartered Professional Engineers Register (ACPER) and accorded the title of ASEAN Chartered Professional engineer (ACPE).

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8





Requirements for Registration

- Completed an <u>accredited or recognized engineering degree</u> <u>programme by BEM</u>.
- A registered <u>Professional Engineer (PE)</u> with BEM.
- Possess practical and diversified experience of not less than <u>seven (7)</u>
 <u>years after graduation</u>, <u>at least two (2) years</u> of which shall be in
 responsible charge of <u>significant engineering work</u>.
- Having <u>Continuing Professional Development (CPD) hours</u> at satisfactory level.
- Agrees to be bound by code of professional conduct and ethics.

9



Benefits for Registration as ACPE

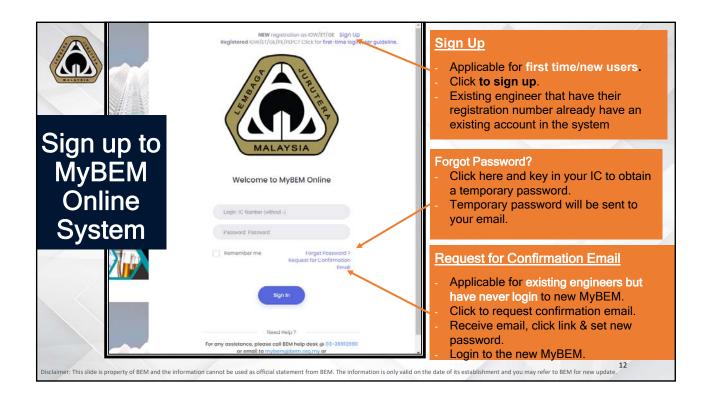


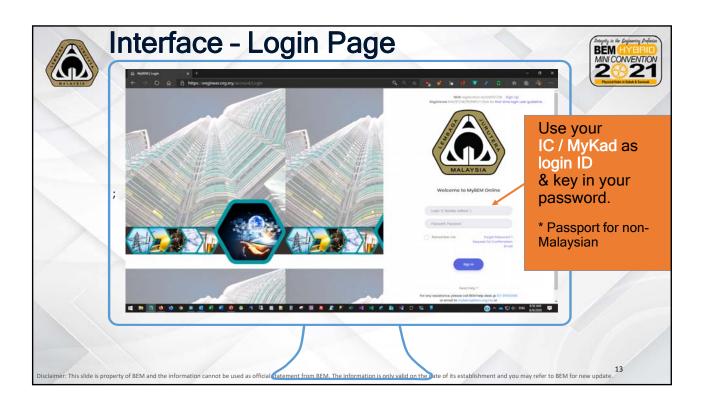
- Opportunity to have their professional standing recognized within the ASEAN region.
- Add value to their professional career when working and practicing their engineering expertise in the ASEAN economies.
- Mutual exemption from assessment for the purpose of working and practicing engineering profession in economies participating in the ASEAN Chartered Professional Engineer scheme.
- Eligible for registration and to work as a Registered Foreign Professional Engineer (RFPE) in other ASEAN countries (host country).
- Definite advantage of opportunities that is offered to enhance competitiveness and employment opportunities.
- REGISTER NOW! so as to be in the position for employment in any of the ASEAN countries when and if the opportunity arises.

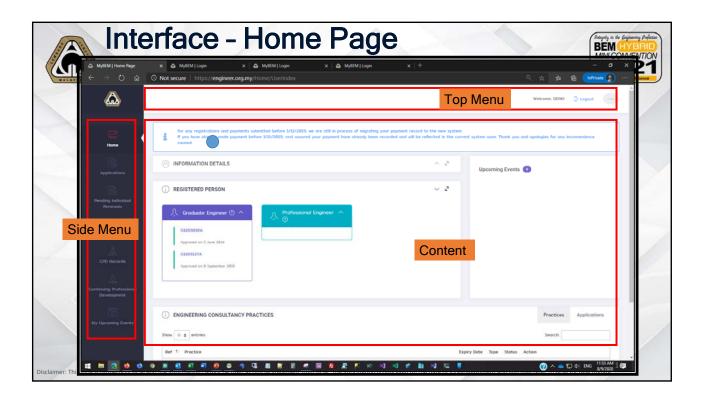
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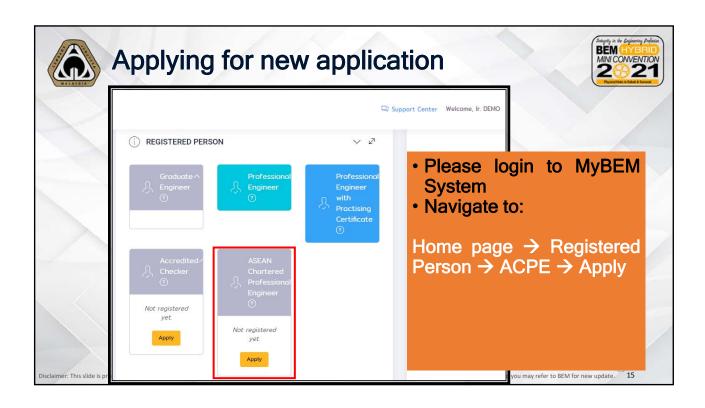
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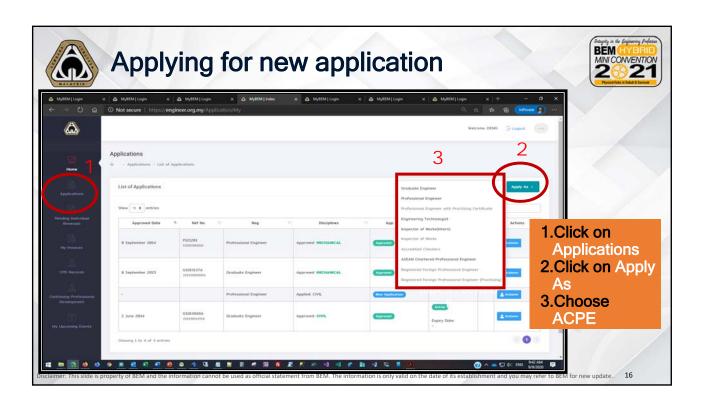




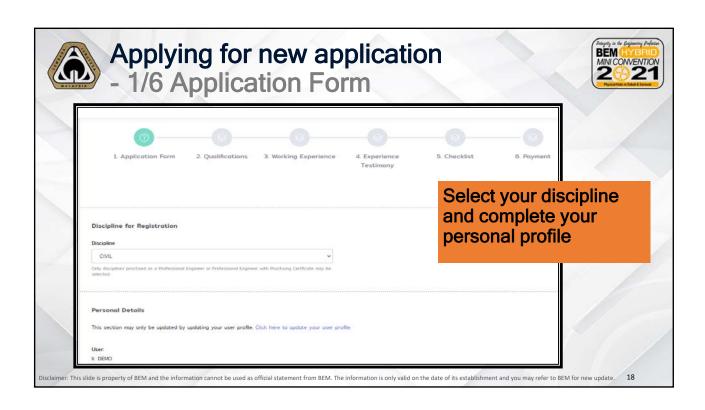


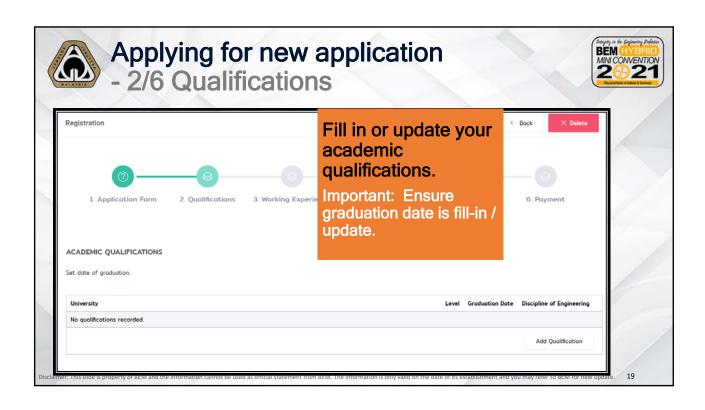


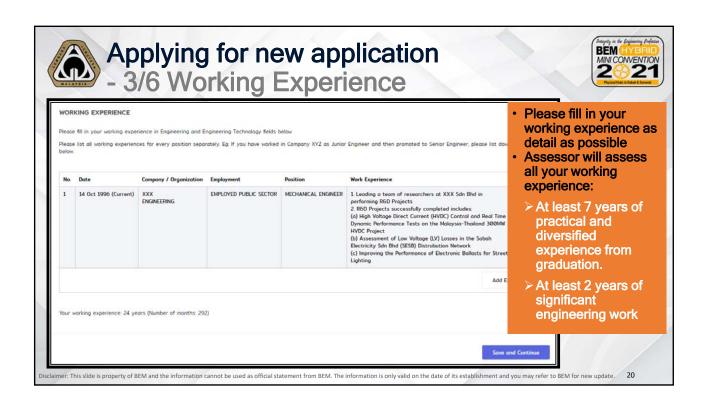


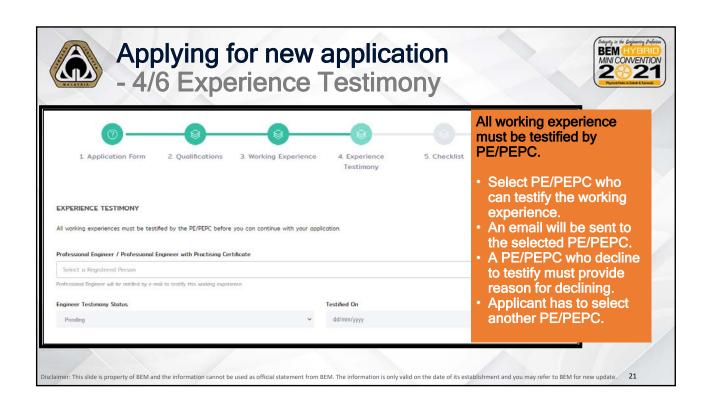


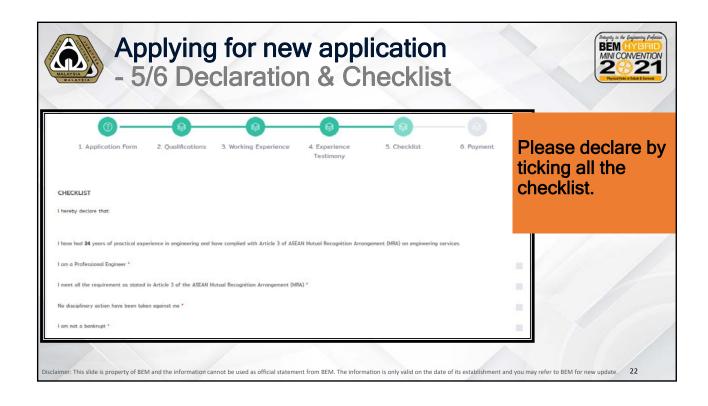


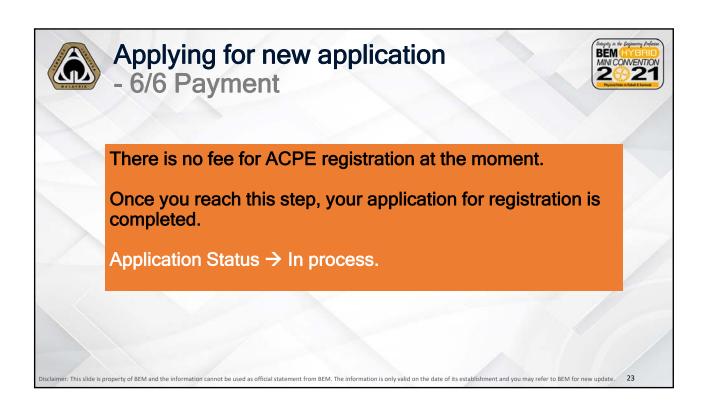


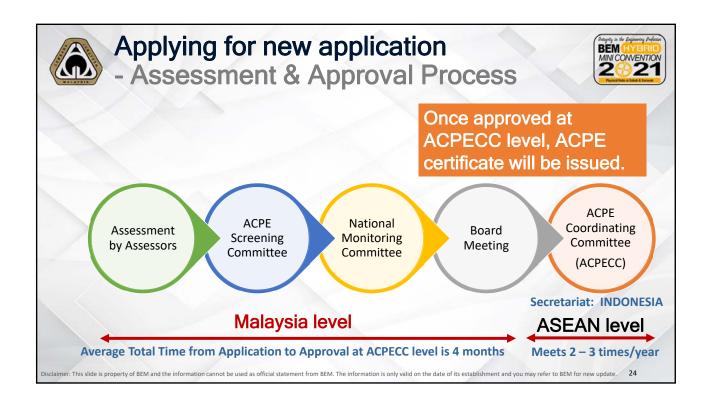














AMS	TOTAL
Brunei Darussalam	32
Cambodia	85
Indonesia	1,254
Lao PDR	17
Malaysia	1,766
Myanmar	613
Philippines	683
Singapore	311
Thailand	231
Viet Nam	302
Total	5,294



